

# Proposed Fit for the Future assessment methodology

Public forum presentation

IPART 15 May 2015

## Establishment of assessment methodology

June 2015 - Release of final assessment methodology



30 June 2015 - Council proposals due



31 July 2015 – Public submissions due



16 October 2015 – Release decisions to Minister

#### Session 1 – Assessment methodology

# Criterion 1 Scale and capacity



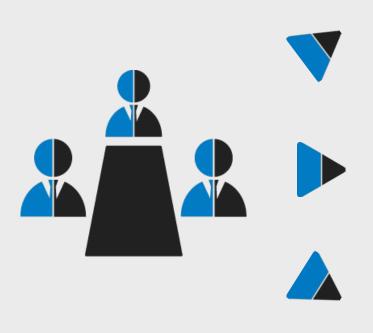
### Scale and capacity criterion

#### Scale and capacity established as threshold

Council first assess scale and capacity against ILGRP recommendation

Proposal based on whether it currently has or will have sufficient scale and capacity with proposed approach

## Options for councils



Merged council

Stand alone

Rural council

#### Scale and capacity for non-rural councils

- More robust revenue base and increased discretionary spending
- Scope to undertake new functions and major projects
- Ability to employ wider range of skilled staff
- Knowledge, creativity and innovation
- Advanced skills in strategic planning and policy development
- Effective regional collaboration
- Credibility for more effective advocacy
- Capable partner for State and Federal agencies
- Resources to cope with complex and unexpected change
- High quality political and managerial leadership.



### Council satisfies scale and capacity if...

Adopts ILGRP preferred option for scale and capacity

Alternatively, we will make an assessment based on whether proposal is broadly consistent with ILGRP objectives and scale and capacity criteria

#### Objectives for metro areas

- ▼ High capacity to represent and serve local communities
- Equitable patterns of local government taking into account planned developments
- ▼ Support Sydney's status as a global city
- Support implementation of Metropolitan Strategy

#### Objectives for regional and rural council

- ▼ Be 'fit for purpose' and maintain maximum possible community life and identity
- Create regional centres to anchor Joint Organisations, where possible
- ▼ Ensure close relationship between regional centres and adjoining councils
- ▼ Address 'councils at risk' through mergers with adjoining areas

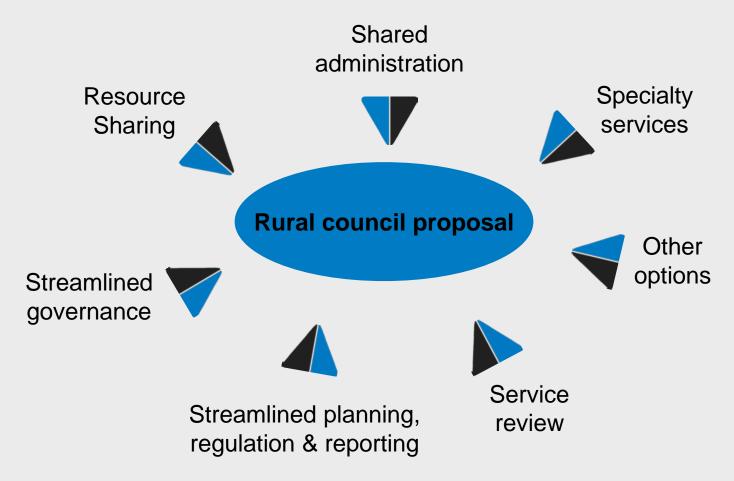
#### Rural council characteristics

- Small and static or declining population spread over a large area
- Local economies that are based on agricultural or resource industries
- High operating costs, dispersed population, limited opportunities for ROI
- High importance local identity, social capital, capacity for service delivery
- Low rate base and high grant reliance
- Difficulty attracting/retaining skilled, experienced staff
- Challenges in financial sustainability, provision of services/infrastructure
- Long distance to major (or sub) regional centre
- Limited options for mergers



#### Rural councils satisfy scale and capacity if...

▼ They demonstrate real improvements....



#### Scale and capacity in overall assessment



## **Council does not submit proposal**

#### Fit

Satisfies scale and capacity and overall the 3 other criteria

#### **Not Fit**

Does not satisfy scale and capacity

#### **Not Fit**

Satisfies scale and capacity but not overall the 3 other criteria

## Deemed Not Fit

#### No rating

Far West councils only

## Discussion points

- ▼ Key elements of strategic capacity
- ▼ Rural council characteristics



#### Session 2: Assessment methodology

**Criterion 2 - sustainability** 

Criterion 3 - effective infrastructure and service management

**Criterion 4 - efficiency** 

...and - other considerations

### Criterion 2 - sustainability

How we propose to assess sustainability

Is council able to meet its expenditure requirements?

How dependent is council on grants and contributions?

Does council renew assets when due?

### Criterion 2 - sustainability

#### Ratios to assess sustainability

- Operating performance ratio
- Own resource revenue ratio
- Building and asset renewals ratio



## How will we assess sustainability?

| Office of Local Government                          |  | IPART                                      |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Performance measure                                 | Benchmark                                | All councils<br>(except rural<br>councils) | Rural council<br>(option)                              |
| Operating Performance Ratio                         | >= break even<br>average over 3<br>years | Must meet<br>within 5 years                | Plan to meet within 10 years                           |
| Own Source<br>Revenue Ratio                         | > 60% average<br>over 3 years            | Must meet<br>within 5 years                | Plan to improve within 5 years & consideration of FAGs |
| Building &<br>Infrastructure Asset<br>Renewal Ratio | >100% average<br>over 3 years            | Meet or improve within 5 years             | Meet or improve within 5 years                         |

## Criterion 3 – Infrastructure and service management

How we propose to assess effective Infrastructure and service management

Does council manage its infrastructure effectively?

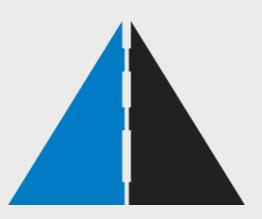
Does council spend enough to maintain its assets?

Does council use debt efficiently?

## Criterion 3 – Infrastructure and service management

Ratios to assess infrastructure and service management

- > Infrastructure backlog ratio
- Asset maintenance ratio
- Debt service ratio



## How will we assess effective infrastructure and service management?

| Office of Local Government      |                                     | IPART  |  |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Performance measure             | Benchmark                           | All councils<br>(except rural<br>councils)   | Rural council (option)                       |
| Infrastructure<br>Backlog Ratio | < 2%                                | Meet or improve/<br>inform<br>within 5 years | Meet or improve/inform within 5 years        |
| Asset<br>Maintenance<br>Ratio   | > 100%<br>average<br>over 3 years   | Meet or improve/<br>inform<br>within 5 years | Meet or improve/<br>inform<br>within 5 years |
| Debt Service<br>Ratio           | 0 to 20%<br>average<br>over 3 years | Meet<br>within 5 years                       | Meet<br>within 5 years                       |

### Criterion 4 – Efficiency

How we propose to assess efficiency

Does council provide agreed service levels based on value for money?



### Criterion 4 – Efficiency

Ratio to assess efficiency

Real operating expenditure

For example, given agreed community service levels, what is council's real operating expenditure per person?



## How will we assess efficiency?

| OLG  | IPART   |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Benchmark  | All councils<br>(except rural<br>councils)  | Rural council<br>(option)   | Merger case   |  |
| A decrease in<br>Real Operating<br>Expenditure per<br>capita over time | Must demonstrate operational savings (net of IPR supported service improvements) over 5 years | Must demonstrate operational savings (net of IPR supported service improvements) over 5 years | Demonstrate operational savings (net of IPR supported service improvements) over 5 years but may not be practical in short term |  |

#### Criteria 2- 4 in overall assessment



## **Council does not submit proposal**

#### Fit

Satisfies scale and capacity and overall the 3 other criteria

#### **Not Fit**

Does not satisfy scale and capacity

#### **Not Fit**

Satisfies scale and capacity but not overall the 3 other criteria

## Deemed Not Fit

#### No rating

Far West councils only

#### Other considerations

#### We will also consider some additional factors



Social and community context



Council consultation on FFTF proposals



Water utility performance

#### Information requirements

#### Robustness of supporting information

- Past data and forecast data
- Assumptions should be robust and consistent
- Analysis of ILGRP preferred option should be rigorous
- Explanation of one-off performance issues.



#### **Discussion Points**

- ▼ How should the benchmarks for criteria 2 to 4 be scaled
- ▼ Are the timeframes to achieve criteria 2 to 4 appropriate
- Are there other factors we should consider in our assessment of council's proposals?
- How should performance against proposals be monitored?





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