

Thursday, 28 April 2022



THE HILLS SHIRE COUNCIL 3 Columbia Court, Norwest NSW 2153 PO Box 7064, Norwest 2153 ABN 25 034 494 656 | DX 9966 Norwest

## EXTRAORDINARY MEETING

Notice is hereby given that an Extraordinary Meeting of Council will be held remotely via "Zoom" and live streamed with both audio and visual on Thursday, 28 April 2022 at 6.30pm to consider the matters contained in the attached Agenda. Invitations will be sent with a link to join the meeting.

David Reynolds ACTING GENERAL MANAGER

ITEM	SUBJECT	PAGE
ITEM-1	NOTICE OF RESCISSION - APPLICATION FOR CHANGE IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT COST INDEX VARIATION 2022-23	3

## ITEM 1

## NOTICE OF RESCISSION - APPLICATION FOR CHANGE IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT COST INDEX VARIATION 2022-23

We, the undersigned Councillors, hereby give notice of our intention to move at an Extraordinary Meeting of Council to rescind the decision of the Ordinary Meeting of Council held on 26 April 2022 in respect of Item 7 – Application for Change in Local Government Cost Index Variation 2022-23.



## QUALIFIED NOTICE OF MOTION

Council note the information contained in the original report to the meeting of 26 April 2022 but decline the opportunity to apply for an Additional Special Variation (ASV) and take no further action on this matter.

## BACKGROUND

At the Ordinary meeting of 26 April 2022, Council considered and debated the attached report and resolved to proceed with the application to IPART for an ASV of 0.9%. The IPART applications close on Friday 29 April 2022 and as a result this rescission motion has been submitted to seek to have the matter considered again urgently at an Extraordinary Meeting before that deadline passes.

## ATTACHMENTS

1. Council Report - Item 7 - Application for Change in Local Government Cost Index Variation 2022-23 (26 April 2022) (18 pages)

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## 28 APRIL, 2022

#### ORDINARY MEETING OF COUNCIL

26 APRIL, 2022 ATTACHMENT 1

ITEM 7	APPLICATION FOR CHANGE IN LOCAL GOVERNMENT COST INDEX VARIATION 2022-23
THEME:	PROACTIVE LEADERSHIP
MEETING DATE:	26 APRIL 2022
	COUNCIL MEETING
GROUP:	FINANCE AND ORGANISATIONAL PERFORMANCE
AUTHOR:	ACTING MANAGER ASSETS, RATES AND PAYROLL AVA CHEUNG
RESPONSIBLE OFFICER:	GROUP MANAGER FINANCE & ORGANISATIONAL PERFORMANCE CHANDI SABA

## PURPOSE

In NSW, annual rate income increase is capped by the rate peg set by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART). If a council seeks to increase its rate income by more than the rate peg percentage, it must obtain approval for a 'special variation' of the rate peg from IPART. Although many Councils have applied for special rate variations to manage their day to day operations, this Council has not applied for a Special Rate variation in the last 3 decades.

Council's rate peg for 2022-23 has been set at 1.6%, comprising Local Government Cost Index (LGCI) factor of 0.7% and population growth factor of 0.9%. The rate peg is well below the inflation forecast of 4.25% in FY21/22 and 3% in FY22/23 as published in the Federal Government's 2022-23 Budgets.

Given current inflationary pressures there has been widespread criticism of the rate peg and the NSW Government has provided a mechanism for all Councils to apply a rate variation to address the shortfall. As a result, the NSW Minister for Local Government has announced through IPART, an additional round of Special Variation (ASV) applications for 2022-23 for all councils. It is unfortunate that financially prudent Councils such as Hills need to consider making an application for a special variation in response to a mandated rate peg which causes the deterioration of Council's otherwise strong financial position.

The Minister has also required a review of the IPART decision and to undertake a broader review of its rate peg methodology, including the Local Government Cost Index. This announcement is welcomed as residents would expect the annual rate peg to keep pace with rising costs and given the rarity of any community request to reduce services. The outcomes from the review are expected to shape rate peg determinations in future years.

The relevant requirements and guidelines for the ASV application were first released by OLG and IPART on 29 March 2022, but were subsequently revised and republished on 7 April 2022.

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The purpose of this report is to:

- 1. Highlight issues faced by Council under the current rate peg
- 2. Provide an overview of the requirements, guidelines, and process of the ASV
- 3. Detail a proposed ASV application amount, reason, and impact
- 4. Seek Council's approval to proceed with the proposed ASV application

Subject to Council's approval, this report will form part of the ASV application which will need to be submitted to IPART by 29 April 2022. All ASV applications will be published by IPART to enable community consultation for a period of at least three weeks. Councils will then be notified of IPART's decision no later than 21 June 2022.

#### RECOMMENDATION

Council approve the application for a **permanent ASV in 2022-23 of 0.9% (\$731,584)** to address the inflationary pressures under section 508(2) of the Local Government Act as detailed in this report.

## IMPACTS

#### Financial

Application of the ASV will increase Council's 2022-23 operating income by **\$731,584**. This will have a compounding impact of **\$8.0m** over 10 years and narrow the gap between current rate peg and inflation expectation not only for 2022-23 but in perpetuity. Inadequate rate income in one single year will not only have impact on the relevant year but also a compounding impact as it is the rate base that is being impacted. Until a correction is made at some point in the future, e.g. via a special variation, such impact is perpetual.

Application of the ASV is essential in setting Council's rate income on the right trajectory and to support Council's long term financial sustainability as detailed in this report.

#### LINK TO HILLS SHIRE PLAN

## Strategy:

4.2 Maintain a strong financial position that supports the delivery of services and strategies and ensures long term financial sustainability.

#### Outcomes:

4 Prudent management of financial resources, assets and people for long term sustainability

## REPORT

#### Background

Rate income provides approximately 48% of the total recurrent income. As Council's biggest recurrent funding source, rate income has a direct relationship with Council's long term financial sustainability.

Special variation is available only to councils with demonstrable financial need in the short term. Given Council's prudent financial management as reflected in its healthy financial position special variation is not generally available for this Council.

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The current round of additional special variation (ASV) is once-off in nature and it entails a less onerous process. It has been offered to all councils in recognition of the clear inadequacy of the current 2022-23 rate peg in keeping pace with inflation expectations.

Failing to address the gap between the current rate peg and inflation will set Council's rate base behind inflation for 2022-23. This will also have a compounding impact on expenditure for future years. It is recommended that application for this ASV be considered as explained in this report.

#### Part 1: Issues under the current rate peg

The current rate peg has 2 components: LGCI and population growth factor. The LGCI is designed to measure movements in prices of a fixed 'basket' of goods and services used by an average council. For the 2022-23 rate peg, weighting of expenditure in the 'basket' was calculated based on councils' expenditure in 2017-18 and 2018-19 and price changes on this 'basket' of expenditure were based on CPI movements between June 2021 and June 2020.

As shown above, expenditure weighting and price indexes used in the LGCI calculation are retrospective. Historic movements in prices should not be used as reference for councils' expenditure for the future. The problem is particularly apparent in the current inflationary environment, as the LGCI calculation ignores actual and forecast price movements beyond 30 June which are more relevant for the year ahead.

The population growth factor is included in the rate peg for the first time in 2022-23. It has been introduced with the objective of ensuring councils can continue to provide quality services to their communities as their population grows. However the objective of the population growth factor is not being fulfilled in 2022-23. In addition, Council is now having to sustain additional long term cost impacts arising from our response to disaster recovery efforts that are not otherwise fully covered by government, as well as increases in the market demand for contracts and services.

These issues are detailed below.

#### 1.1 Inflation

Inflation has hit the headline in every major global economy. In Australia, inflation in 2021-22 is already doubling the rate peg of 2.0% for the year. The Federal Government's Budgets noted inflation forecast of 4.25% in FY21/22 and 3% in FY22/23. The LGCI of 0.7% in the current rate peg, which was calculated based on June 2021 prices, will set Council further behind the inflation curve. The compounding impact of this will further undermine Council's ability to catch up with actual price levels for many years to come.

Furthermore, the rate peg of 1.6% is below the rate peg of 2.5% assumed in last year's Hills Shire Council Long Term Financial Plan and which was exhibited to our community. This indicates that the rate peg is well below Council's expectation. Whilst Council is budgeting a surplus for 2022-23, this is a reflection of Council's strict adherence to its Financial Charter rather than sufficiency of the rate peg to keep pace with inflation. Council's Financial Charter prioritises delivering operational surplus by ensuring that its total operating revenue for each year is sufficient to meet its expenditure in line with the rate peg. Council always endeavours to live within its means.

It is clear that the 0.7% LGCI component within the FY22/23 rate peg is significantly below both current and forecast inflation levels as well as Council's expectation.

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## **1.2 Population Growth Factor**

The population growth factor, which was introduced in 2022-23 and purposed for supporting growth councils, has now been effectively 'removed' in its first year of introduction. The current rate peg of 1.6%, which is below current and forecast inflation levels, means that there will be effectively no population growth factor in 2022-23. There are new parks and increased bushland maintenance required at 29 various locations and at least 9 kilometres of new local roads that will be dedicated to Council by June this year that will require maintenance in 2022-23. It is estimated the cost of maintaining these new locations alone will be in excess of \$643k. With a 1.6% rate peg, maintenance of these new parks will need to be funded by a reduction in the current level of service in order to live within its means and balance budget.

It is therefore important that Council considers the application of ASV to ensure adequate funding can be given to maintain the desired level of service to the community. It is unfortunate that financially prudent Councils need to make such a decision in response to a mandated rate peg.

Furthermore, an observation of the current ASV guidelines is that, councils that were not originally assigned a population growth factor may be given a bigger ASV than growth councils due to their lower rate peg compared to the maximum ASV of 2.5%. This result is counterintuitive and undermines the original purpose of the population growth factor. If a majority of Councils apply for this ASV it has a compounding impact into the future and it will further undermine Council's ability to catch up with actual price levels for many years to come compared to other Councils.

#### Part 2: Overview of the ASV

Included in Attachment 1 and 2 are the below information relevant to the ASV process:

Attachment 1: IPART - Information Paper - Additional Special Variations 2022-23 Attachment 2: OLG – Guidelines for Additional Special Variation (ASV) Process for 2022-23

As noted in these documents, the maximum ASV Council can apply for is 0.9%, being the ASV cap of 2.5% less Council's current rate peg of 1.6%. The ASV will therefore increase Council's 2022-23 rate peg to 2.5%, providing an additional income of \$731,584 for the year.

The ASV can either be temporary or permanent. Temporary ASV means that the 2023-24 rate peg will need to be reduced by 0.9% to remove the impact of the temporary increase given for 2022-23 (i.e. rate income will return to original path from FY23/24 as anticipated by IPART but not our Long Term Financial Plan (LTFP). Permanent means that there will be no adjustments required to the 2023-24 rate peg (i.e. impact of the current ASV will be retained permanently in Council's rate base).

Assuming a rate peg of 2.0% from 2023-24 onwards, a permanent ASV will provide \$8.0m additional income to Council over the next 10 years.

The ASV application will need to be based on Council's 2021-22 Integrated Planning & Reporting (IP&R) documentation. For a permanent special variation, Council will need to provide one of the following given that its 5-year average OPR, Operating Performance Ratio (based on 2021-22 IP&R), is above 2%:

- 1. Evidence of need to maintain an OPR above 2%; or
- 2. Justification as to why specific revenue and/or expenses should be included /excluded in the calculation of the OPR

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This requirement is addressed in Part 3 below.

## Part 3: PROPOSED - THSC ASV APPLICATION

This section of the report is proposed to form part of Council's ASV application to IPART should Council resolve to proceed with the application. It provides evidence and justification for Council's need and is structured to mirror the ASV application requirements.

#### 3.1. Is this a temporary or permanent special variation under section 508(2) of the Act?

THSC is applying for a permanent special variation.

## 3.2. What is the additional income that council will receive if the special variation is approved?

Consistent with Year 2 of our exhibited LTFP in 2020/2021, THSC is applying for ASV of 0.9% which will increase Council's rate income by \$731,584.

#### 3.3. Why is the ASV required?

This section should be read in conjunction with Attachment 3 – THSC ASV Application Form.

As required by the OLG guidelines, Council's ASV application has been based upon the long term financial plan (LTFP) 2021-2031 that formed part of the 2021-22 IP&R documents. These documents were adopted by Council on 8 June 2021.

### Adjusted LTFP and justification

Whilst the 2021-2031 LTFP projected an average OPR above 2% over the next 5 years, this plan was based upon the assumption of a 2.5% rate peg for 2022-23. Given that the rate peg for 2022-23 is now 1.6%, an adjusted LTFP is presented in the application form (Attachment 3). The original LTFP budgeted \$116.2m of rates and annual charges for 2022-23. The adjusted LTFP reflects reduced rates and annual charges for 2022-23 of \$115.4m, which has a flow-on impact to future years. The average OPR based on the adjusted LTFP is 1.9%, which is within the threshold of 2.0%. The adjusted LTFP is considered appropriately justified given that it is a mere reflection of the actual rate peg of 1.6%.

#### Evidence of need to maintain an OPR above 2%

For a growth council like the Hills, it is critical that healthy financial ratios are maintained for as long as possible given the significant amount of infrastructure that is yet to be delivered.

Firstly, large scale developments are set to bring about significant uplift to Council's asset base. Uncertainties around timing, costs, risks, community's expectation, and many others, mean that it is difficult for Council to accurately and fully forecast asset life-cycle costs (e.g. renewal, depreciation, maintenance) into the future. It is Council's responsibility to ensure strong ratios are maintained during its growth phase so that, when it finally becomes a maintenance council, it is in a healthy financial position to sustain a substantially larger asset base and community. Secondly, councils have been given large capital grants in the last 2 years. Whilst this is welcomed, detailed consideration has not been given as to how this infrastructure will be maintained in the future. This is another reason Council's like The Hills are setting aside funds on an annual basis, with long term financial sustainability in mind, when considering annual budgets. Lastly, as Section 7.11 developer contribution does not

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fund the construction cost of community centres, Council must be in strong financial health in order to provide such facilities to meet community's need.

The population in The Hills is expected to increase to more than 290,000 people by 2036. This growth will bring with it higher building density and increased demands for new infrastructure, as well as increased pressure on existing assets and infrastructure. In recent economic times, the rate of population growth has been significant which has resulted in more people arriving sooner than expected. The pace has challenged Council's ability to keep up with the required infrastructure delivery.

Council is currently budgeting developer contribution funded expenditure of \$89.6m in 2022-2023. There is currently \$1.9b of infrastructure yet to be delivered over the life of Council's developer contributions plans. In addition to there is \$194m worth of subdivider dedicated local roads, unfunded footpaths, upgrades to existing open spaces and new community centres. Furthermore Council has received grants for capital works in excess of \$50m in the last two years. The entire suite of infrastructure will require funds for renewal in the future and it is important that Council sets aside funds each year.

As Council navigates through this enduring, extensive, and transformative growth phase, it is essential that it exercises duty of care in maintaining financial sustainability for the foreseeable future, and indefinitely. The application of ASV is one such example of Council's desire to ensure its rate income is sufficient to at least cover the impact of inflation on its operating expenditure.

## 3.4 Has council considered the impact on ratepayers and the community in 2022-23 and, if permanent, in future years if the special variation is approved and considers that it is reasonable.

It is considered that the 0.9% ASV increase has marginal impact on the average rates for rate payers:

Category	July 21 Average Rates	Increase due to 1.6% Rate Peg	FY22/23 Current Average Without ASV	Increase Due to ASV	FY22/23 Current Average With ASV
			\$	\$	\$
Residential	1,116	8	\$1,124	\$10	\$1,134
Business	2,192	28	\$2,220	\$20	\$2,240
Farmland	1,436	(62)	\$1,374	\$12	\$1,386

The 0.9% increase is considered reasonable, as the rate peg including ASV of 2.5% is well within the inflation forecast of 4.25% in FY21/22 and 3% in FY22/23 as published in the Federal Government's 2022-23 Budgets.

The affordability is also considered reasonable giving consideration of the relatively high average Socio-Economic Indexes in the Shire of 1,107.

Council has the following options to consider:

- 1. Apply for a Permanent ASV of 0.9%
- 2. Apply for a Temporary ASV 0.9%
- 3. Not apply for the ASV and retain 1.6% Rate Peg

It is recommended that Council select Option 1.

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#### Part 4: Conclusion

Given the challenges this Council has to face as detailed above and to provide the expected level of service well into the future it is recommended that Council apply for this ASV for the following reasons:

- Councils should be given adequate rate peg to cover for CPI increases. This is the most basic level of rate peg one would expect in order for Council to maintain its day to day operation. Council should not need to reduce its level of service in order to balance its budget due to foreseen price increases.
- 2. The 1.6% rate peg cannot keep pace with inflation and any increase in expenditure over and above the rate peg has a compounding impact on expenditure in the future.
- 3. The population growth factor should be utilised for its intended purpose of funding growth, rather than to subsidise for the LGCI shortfall. The Hills is a growing council and must be given sufficient funding to support its level of service for a growing population, and to prudently plan and manage its future expenditure.
- 4. Shortfall in 2022-23 rates will have compounding impact over time. A forgone ASV of 0.9% will have an \$8m impact over 10 years and undermine Council's revenue path perpetually and financial sustainability.
- 5. The 0.9% ASV increase has marginal impact on the average rates for rate payers

The application is now opened. All applications must be submitted to IPART by 29 April 2022 supported by Council resolutions. For the reasons set out in this report, it is recommended that Council resolve to apply for a 0.9% permanent ASV.

## ATTACHMENTS

- 1. IPART Information Paper Additional Special Variations 2022-23
- 2. OLG Guidelines for Additional Special Variation (ASV) Process for 2022-23
- 3. Application Form for ASV

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## ATTACHMENT 1

## Additional special variations 2022-23 7 April 2022

This Information Paper explains the process for applying for an Additional Special Variation (ASV) for 2022-23 and the information that IPART will require to process a council's application, based on the Office of Local Government's updated ASV Guidelines (22-07).<sup>a</sup>

## What type of special variation can a council apply for?

A council can apply for either a temporary or permanent ASV which is capped at the lower of:

- 2.5% (including population factor), or
- the council's assumed 2022-23 rate peg in its 2021-22 Integrated Planning and Reporting (IP&R) documentation (including population factor).

If IPART gives an ASV instrument, the amount specified in that instrument will replace the 2022-23 rate peg. No additional population factor will be added.

## What will councils need to provide to IPART for all ASV applications?

Councils will need to provide their 2021-22 IP&R documentation which identifies a budgeted increase in general income above the percentage specified for the council for 2022-23 under section 506 of the Act.

Councils must provide a council resolution that states that the council has resolved to apply for the special variation under section 508(2) of the *Local Government Act 1993* (the Act), and:

- whether the resolution is for a temporary or permanent special variation under section 508(2) of the Act, and
- the additional income that the council will receive if the special variation is approved, and
- why the special variation is required, and
- that the council has considered the impact on ratepayers and the community in 2022-23 and, if permanent, in future years if the special variation is approved, and considers that it is reasonable.

<sup>a</sup> The updated ASV Guidelines set out in Circular 22-07 apply in place of, and supersede, the ASV Guidelines issued in Circular 22-03.

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## What will councils need to demonstrate to IPART for a permanent ASV?

Where a council is applying for a permanent special variation, in addition to providing the above information, the council must demonstrate that it has, in its 2021-22 IP&R documentation, forecast an average Operating Performance Ratio (OPR) of 2% or lower over 2022-23 to 2026-27.

If a council has forecast an average OPR of higher than 2% over the next 5-years it will need to provide other evidence of need.

#### How can councils provide other evidence of need?

Councils applying for a permanent ASV that need to provide additional evidence of need can demonstrate that the 2% OPR benchmark is too low for that council's circumstances. For example, a council may demonstrate that it needs to maintain a higher OPR to meet its capital funding requirements.

Alternatively, or additionally, a council may submit justifications as to why specific revenue and/or expenses should be included/excluded in the calculation of the OPR. These adjustments can be items that were not included in the council's 2021-22 IP&R documentation due to unforeseen events or changes in circumstance since the adoption of the IP&R documentation.

We will consider the evidence provided by councils that they need to maintain a higher OPR.

IPART has published an updated ASV application form to capture these adjustments. We will also accept applications using the original ASV application form. However, this form does not capture the information required to assess an application proposing that we use an adjusted OPR in our analysis. The original application form also asks for additional information that is no longer necessary. We recommend that applicants use the updated application form to ensure that all information needed to assess against the updated guidelines can be incorporated into IPART's analysis.

### How to apply for an ASV

Councils can complete the application form and submit via IPART's Local Government Portal (here). Councils will also be required to provide evidence, such as the LTFP and council resolution, to support their application.



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## Contact person

If you have any questions about this process or the information required, please contact:

Edward Jenkins Edward\_jenkins@ipart.nsw.gov.au (02) 9113 7774

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	Office of Local Gove	ernment Circular to Councils
	Circular Details	22-07/6 April 2022/A815377
	Previous Circular	22-03 Guidelines for Additional Special Variation (ASV) Process for 2022-23
	Who should read this	Councillors / General Managers / Rating and Finance Staff
	Contact Action required	Policy Team / 02 4428 4100 / olg@olg.nsw.gov.au Information
ıt	Subject Guidelines for Additiona *** The ASV Guidel	I Special Variation (ASV) Process for 2022-23 ines set out in this circular apply in place of, and ASV Guidelines issued in Circular 22-03 ***
Strengthening local government	<ul> <li>What's new or changing</li> <li>The Independent P process an addition from councils.</li> <li>For applications may this circular apply in application for a spucation for a spucation for a spuce of the ASV Guidelines.</li> <li>For more information 'What this will mean?</li> <li>This one-off ASV row variation will enable 2021-22 Integrated</li> <li>Councils seeking a the need for the spoongoing basis.</li> <li>Separately, IPART peg methodology, in outcomes from the future years.</li> <li>What this will mean for y</li> <li>The ASV Guideline</li> </ul>	ricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART) will accept and hal round of 2022-23 Special Variation (ASV) applications ade under the ASV process, the ASV Guidelines set out in h place of the <u>Guidelines for the preparation of an</u> <u>ecial variation to general income</u> issued by the Office of in 2020. Is set out in this circular apply in place of, and supersede, a issued in Circular 22-03. In on when these ASV Guidelines apply, please see in for your council' below. Dound is available for the 2022-23 financial year only. Dound is for councils that can show that the special the them to meet the obligations they set for 2022-23 in their Planning and Reporting (IP&R) documentation. permanent special variation will also need to demonstrate ecial variation to be included in their rate base on an has also agreed to undertake a broader review of its rate including the Local Government Cost Index, with review expected to shape rate peg determinations in
	AND o the percenta	n 508(2) of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> (the Act), ge sought in the application is the lower of: (including population factor) or

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- the council's assumed 2022-23 rate peg as set out in its 2021-22 IP&R documentation (including population factor)
- For ASV applications made under the Guidelines set out in this Circular, councils will need to provide IPART with the following information:
  - Council's 2021-22 IP&R documentation identifying that council budgeted for an income increase above the percentage specified for the council for 2022-23 under section 506 of the Act; and
  - Where councils are applying for a permanent special variation, in addition to the above information, the council's 2021-22 IP&R documentation identifying that the council forecast an average Operating Performance Ratio (OPR) of 2% or lower over the next 5 years or, alternatively, evidence of need, for example, but not limited to, that the council needs to maintain a higher OPR so it can meet its capital funding requirements; and
  - Council has resolved to apply for the special variation under section 508(2) of the Act and that the resolution clearly states:
    - whether the resolution is for a temporary or permanent special variation under section 508(2) of the Act; and
    - the additional income that council will receive if the special variation is approved; and
    - why the special variation is required; and
    - that the council has considered the impact on ratepayers and the community in 2022-23 and, if permanent, in future years if the special variation is approved and considers that it is reasonable.
- The ASV application process is a simpler more targeted application process.
- IPART will not require councils to demonstrate community consultation or criteria outside of the processes outlined above. To demonstrate community consultation, IPART will consider the consultation undertaken through the IP&R process and consider the resolution to apply for a ASV meets the requirements outlined above.
- Revised application forms and further information will be released by IPART shortly.
- Under this ASV round of applications:
  - IPART will accept applications until 29 April 2022;
  - IPART will publish applications to enable community consultation for a period of at least three weeks; and
  - o IPART will notify councils of its decision no later than 21 June 2022.

### **Key points**

- In late 2021, IPART announced the rate peg for the 2022-23 financial year was set at an increase of between 0.7% and 5.0%.
- Special variations provide an opportunity for councils to vary general income by an amount greater than the annual rate peg. However IPART's normal period for special variation applications in relation to the 2022-23 rate peg has now passed.
- The Office of Local Government and IPART recognise that, due to the delayed council elections and the determination of the 2022-23 rate peg at a lower rate than councils had forecast, councils may not have had sufficient time to prepare special variation application within the normal timeframe.

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This may result in some councils not having sufficient funds to pay for required infrastructure and services.

• As such the NSW Government and IPART have agreed to a one-off ASV round for the 2022-23 financial year only.

• This process is not intended to address applications from councils that require a special variation (above 2.5%) to achieve long term financial sustainability for reasons other than those set out in the criteria above, which should be addressed through the standard special variation process.

• <u>IPART's website</u> will be updated with revised application forms and information papers shortly.

### Where to go for further information

• For further information please contact IPART on 02 9290 8400 or by email to ipart@ipart.nsw.gov.au.

Melanie Hawyes Group Deputy Secretary, Crown Lands and Local Government 26 APRIL, 2022

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	ATTACHMENT 3		
THE INDEPENDENT PRIC	ING AND REGULATORY TRIBUNAL OF NSW		
APPLICATION FOR	A ADDITIONAL SPECIAL VARIATION		
т	2022-23 O GENERAL INCOME		
	8(2) of the Local Government Act 1993		
	rrnment circular 22-07 / 6 April 2022 / A815377		
SECTION	508(2) APPLICATION FORM 2022-23		
Before completing this for	m, you MUST read the Office of Local Government's		
22-07 Circular to Counc	ils - Guidelines for Additional Special Variation (ASV) Process for 2022-23		
AII	dollars in nominal terms		
The Guidelines in the circular are	available on the Office's website at www.olg.nsw.gov.au.		
	Overview		
	2) allows a council to increase general income by a percentage that is greater tha	in the	
	itional Special Variation (ASV) Process for 2022-23 (circular 22-07) applies to value of: 2.5% or the council's assumed 2022-23 rate peg in its 2021-22 Long Ter opulation factor)	rm	
The application should be submitted to If vebsite at www.ipart.nsw.gov.au.	PART (us) via the Council Portal on our		
his application consists of 4 worksho	eets:		
	WK8 to maintain consistency with standard part A application worksheet names.		
. ,	entifies your council and a council contact officer, collects information ial variation and any existing special variations (SVs).		
	about Crown Land adjustments, catch-ups or excess adjustments		
	the council's Permissible General Income based on the 1st year's percentage crown Land adjustments, plus other income adjustments. It also shows the		
	proposed SV period and the annual and cumulative impacts of the proposed SV.	.	
<ul> <li>Worksheet 8 (Long Term Finance)</li> </ul>	cial Plan): Collects information on your Long Term Financial Plan.		
Enquiries regarding the completio	in of this application should be directed to:		
Enquiries regarding the completio Edward Jenkins	(02) 9113 7774 edward jenkins@jpart.nsw.gov.au		

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## ORDINARY MEETING OF COUNCIL

26 APRIL, 2022

		APPLICATION	FOR ADDITION	AL SPE	CIAL VARIATIO	ON TO GENEI	RAL INCON	ЛЕ	:	2022-23
			WORKSHE	<u>ET 1</u>						
	Step 1: Fill out council	details			Colour code					
	-	ting variation information			Enter data in the blue	e input cells				
		0			Hard-coded values t Key outputs	hat should not be	changed			
	-	and adjustments, catch up & excess	s, valuation objection	S	Special instructions					
	Step 4: Fill out propose	d special variation amounts	lars in nominal terms							
		All uoi		•						
	Name if not listed: <b>Details:</b>	Hills Shire Council, The Ava Cheung Acting Manager - Assets, Rates	& Payroll		<u>If</u>	<u>your councils' nan</u>	ne is not in the l	list, please enter it in ce	<u>II E14</u>	
Telepho Email:		9843-0253 acheung@thehills.nsw.gov.au								
	sting special variation the council have any exist	ons (SVs) ing SV(s) that means it has an increas	se above the rate peg	for any year	from 2022-23 (Year	1) onwards?		no		
	Uncil's Notional Gen Council's NGI for 2021-22							81,287,133.84		
3. Enter 4. Has th	Incil's modelling ass Council's assumed rate pe he 2021-22 LTFP been exi adoption date of Council's	eg for 2022-23. hibited or only adopted?						2.5% Adopted 08-Jun-21		
D. Pro	posed special variat	tions (SVs)								
7. Is the If tem	ouncil is applying for a one special variation permane porary, the number of yea entage rate peg for the first		to expire (This is set to s will autofill with the se	1-year for the	nis application). ouncil.	s	elect option	s508(2) Permanent 1 1.60%		
		rate peg the council is applying for in					enter %	0.90% allow	ed = 0.90%	
	iring special variatio		·	Г						
10. D0e:	s the council have an expli	ring variation? If yes, please specify w	nen.			1st Expiring SV s and Expiring SV s				
11. If the	e council has an expiring v	ariation, enter the \$ amount expiring i	n row 80 below.							
		ts, catch ups, valuation object Land adjustments required.	ctions				enter \$	\$ %	Y 0 income 0.00%	
13. Ente	r the amount for any catch	required (input as a positive whole nu	imber).				enter \$	83	0.00%	
A specia catch up	al variation is the total % in os/excesses and valuation	entage increases and expirin crease permitted in a council's genera objections. do not change if the actual rate peg	al income, including the				istments are ma	ade for		
Table 1	Requested annual perc	entage increases and expiring SV a		× -					× -	
Financia	l vear		Year 0 2021-22	Year 1 2022-23	Year 2 2023-24	Year 3 2024-25	Year 4 2025-26	Year 5 2026-27	Year 6 2027-28	Year 7 2028-29
	% increases									
na - leav	ve blank									
Rate p	eg only			1.60%	0.00%	0.00%	2.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
plus				0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	percentage above the rat	te peg		0.90%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	Crown Land adjustment		na	0.00% <b>2.50%</b>	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	tive % increase		rid	2.50 /0						
Rate peg	g only			1.60%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	additional increases			0.90%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	sed SV		na	2.50%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	g special variations of expiring special	\$ (nominal)			<u></u>					
	ns (ESV)	% value of ESV	0.00%	0.00%	-					-

## ORDINARY MEETING OF COUNCIL

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Hills Shir	e Council, The		
	WORKS	HEET 4	
	PERMISSIBLE GENERAL INCO All dollars in r		2022-23
	Please check all income adjustments an before submitting		with OLG
Prior year	Notional General Income		81,287,134
Less:	Expiry of a prior special variation		-
Adjusted f	irst year Notional General Income		\$ 81,287,134
Plus:	Rate peg - first year	1.60%	1,300,594
Plus:	na	0.00%	0
Plus:	Additional increase - first year	0.90%	731,584
Plus:	Crown Land adjustment - first year	0.00%	0
	Total special variation - first year	2.50%	\$2,032,178_
Other Fire	st Year Adjustments:		
Plus/Minu	us: Prior year Catch-up/(Excess)		83
Minus:	Valuation Objections claimed in prior year		0
		Total Adjustments	83
	First year Permissible General Income		\$

#### **ORDINARY MEETING OF COUNCIL**

Hills Shire Council, The

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This worksheet only needs to completed for permanent SV applications

LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLAN

All dollars in nominal terms

This sheet shows the forecast general fund operating position in the council's Long Term Financial Plan. Enter the figures from the 2021-22 Long Term Financial Plan over 5 years under each of the headings as relevant. Add rows if necessary.

Council has a forecast mean OPR above 2.0% over the next 5-years (2022-23 to 2026-27). You will need to provide additional information to demonstrate financial need. Please see our information paper for more information. LTFP Extract - General Fund only (un-adjusted)

	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Sum of 5 years	Change over 5 years	
	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27		\$	%
Income from continuing operations	\$ nominal pe	r year	1						
Revenue: Rates & Annual Charges User Charges & Fees Interest & Investment Revenue Other Revenues Grants & Contributions Op Purposes Grants & Contributions Capital Purposes <include additional="" here="" items=""> Other Income (items excluded from ratio analysis)</include>	112,795,925 23,781,315 2,961,447 8,429,668 16,458,987 99,177,136	28,302,147 2,148,118 8,329,349 16,392,753	28,846,007 4,445,584 9,202,095	123,784,630 29,462,235 4,542,180 9,396,291 16,965,310 113,064,890	30,097,375 4,725,469 9,609,845	30,729,810 5,973,582	619,609,594 147,437,574 21,834,932 46,627,577 85,010,659 537,352,293 0	19,086,810 6,948,495 3,012,135 1,660,329 1,231,622 -9,561,719 0	16.92% 29.22% 101.71% 19.70% 7.48% -9.64% 0.00%
Net share of profit on joint ventures Fair value gains Net gains from disposal of assets	851,913	968,807	983,967	931,573	972,278	962,893	0 0 4,819,518	0 0 110,980	0.00% 0.00% 13.03%
Total Income Continuing Operations	264,456,391	260,223,349	274,975,873	298,147,109	342,400,772	286,945,043	1,462,692,147	22,488,653	8.50%
Income excluding capital grants and contributions	165,279,254	172,318,582	180,114,812	185,082,219	190,494,615	197,329,626	925,339,854	32,050,371	19.39%
Income excluding capital grants and contributions, net gains from asset disposals, profit on joint ventures and fair value gains	164,427,342	171,349,775	179,130,845	184,150,646	189,522,338	196,366,733	920,520,336	31,939,391	19.42%
Expenses from continuing operations	\$ nominal pe	r year							
Employee Benefits & On-costs Borrowing Costs (i.e. interest costs) Materials & Contracts Depreciation & Amortisation Other Expenses <include additional="" here="" items=""> Other Expenses (items excluded from ratio analysis)</include>	65,318,754 0 47,771,952 24,492,641 23,610,401	68,656,500 0 53,299,531 25,070,671 22,232,133	70,313,041 0 55,473,114 25,667,512 22,664,233	71,761,026 0 58,121,773 26,283,851 23,077,418	73,500,006 0 61,019,572 26,920,406 23,566,337	75,057,269 0 64,211,677 27,577,919 24,247,996	0 292,125,667	9,738,515 0 16,439,725 3,085,278 637,595 0	14.919 0.009 34.419 12.609 2.709 0.009
Vet loss on joint ventures Fair value losses Net loss from disposal of assets							0 0 0	0 0 0	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%
Total expenses continuing operations	161,193,748	169,258,835	174,117,900	179,244,068	185,006,321	191,094,861	898,721,985	29,901,113	18.55%
Total expenses continuing operations excluding net loss from asset disposals, joint ventures and fair value losses	161,193,748	169,258,835	174,117,900	179,244,068	185,006,321	191,094,861	898,721,985	29,901,113	18.55%
Operating results	\$ nominal pe	r year	1				· · ·	1	
Operating result from continuing operations Net operating result before capital grants & contributions	103,262,643 4,085,506	90,964,514 <b>3,059,746</b>	100,857,974 <b>5,996,912</b>	118,903,042 5,838,152	157,394,451 <b>5,488,294</b>	95,850,183 <b>6,234,765</b>	563,970,162 <b>26,617,869</b>	-7,412,460 <b>2,149,259</b>	-7.18% <b>52.61</b> %
Net operating result before capital grants & contributions, gains/losses on asset disposals, gains/losses on joint ventures and fair value adjustments	3,233,594	2,090,939	5,012,945	4,906,578	4,516,016	5,271,872	21,798,351	2,038,278	63.039
Operating performance ratio	2.0%	1.2%	2.8%	2.7%	2.4%	2.7%			
Increase in rates and annual charges	1						I I	1	
\$ Increase in rates and annual charges % Increase in rates and annual charges		3,381,483 3.00%	3,821,601 3,29%	3,785,621 3.15%	3,981,182 3.22%	4,116,923 3.22%	19,086,810 16,92%		

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## 28 APRIL, 2022

### **ORDINARY MEETING OF COUNCIL**

Hills Shire Council. The

16.17% 29.22% 101.71% 19.70% 7.48% -9.64% 0.00%

0.00% 0.00% 13.03%

Change over 5 years

	Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Sum of 5 years	Change over 5 ye
	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27		\$
Income from continuing operations	\$ nominal pe	r year						
Revenue:								
Rates & Annual Charges	112,795,925	115,445,824	119,235,766	122,994,634	126,948,116	131,036,359	615,660,699	18,240,434
User Charges & Fees	23,781,315	28,302,147	28,846,007	29,462,235	30,097,375	30,729,810	147,437,574	6,948,495
Interest & Investment Revenue	2,961,447	2,148,118	4,445,584	4,542,180	4,725,469	5,973,582	21,834,932	3,012,135
Other Revenues	8,429,668	8,329,349	9,202,095	9,396,291	9,609,845	10,089,997	46,627,577	1,660,329
Grants & Contributions Op Purposes	16,458,987	16,392,753	16,638,150	16,965,310	17,323,837	17,690,609	85,010,659	1,231,622
Grants & Contributions Capital Purposes	99,177,136	87,904,767	94,861,061	113,064,890	151,906,157	89,615,418	537,352,293	-9,561,719
<include additional="" here="" items=""></include>							0	0
Other Income (items excluded from ratio analysis)								
Net share of profit on joint ventures							0	0
Fair value gains							0	0
Net gains from disposal of assets	851,913	968,807	983,967	931,573	972,278	962,893	4,819,518	110,980
Total Income Continuing Operations	264.456.391	259.491.765	274.212.630	297.357.113	341,583,076	286.098.667	1.458.743.252	21.642.276

WORKSHEET 8 This worksheet only needs to completed for permanent SV applications LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLAN All dollars in nominal terms

This sheet shows the forecast general fund operating position in the council's Long Term Financial Plan. Enter the figures from the 2021-22 Long Term Financial Plan over 5 years under each of the headings as relevant. Add rows if necessary.

Total Income Continuing Operations	264,456,391	259,491,765	274,212,630	297,357,113	341,583,076	286,098,667	1,458,743,252	21,642,276	8.18%
Income excluding capital grants and contributions	165,279,254	171,586,998	179,351,569	184,292,223	189,676,920	196,483,249	921,390,958	31,203,995	18.88%
Income excluding capital grants and contributions, net gains from asset disposals, profit on joint ventures and fair value gains	164,427,342	170,618,191	178,367,602	183,360,650	188,704,642	195,520,356	916,571,440	31,093,015	18.91%
Expenses from continuing operations	\$ nominal p	or voar							
Expenses nom continuing operations			1		1		1	1	
Employee Benefits & On-costs Borrowing Costs (i.e. interest costs)	65,318,754 0	68,656,500 0	70,313,041 0	71,761,026 0	73,500,006 0		359,287,842 0	9,738,515 0	14.91% 0.00%
Materials & Contracts	47,771,952						292,125,667	16,439,725	34.41%
Depreciation & Amortisation	24,492,641		25,667,512		26,920,406		131,520,359	3,085,278	12.60%
Other Expenses <ir> </ir>	23,610,401	22,232,133	22,664,233	23,077,418	23,566,337	24,247,996	115,788,117	637,595 0	2.70% 0.00%
Other Expenses (items excluded from ratio analysis)							0	0	0.00%
Net loss on joint ventures							0	0	0.00%
Fair value losses							0	0	0.00%
Net loss from disposal of assets							0	0	0.00%
Total expenses continuing operations	161,193,748	169,258,835	174,117,900	179,244,068	185,006,321	191,094,861	898,721,985	29,901,113	18.55%
Total expenses continuing operations									
excluding net loss from asset disposals, joint									
ventures and fair value losses	161,193,748	169,258,835	174,117,900	179,244,068	185,006,321	191,094,861	898,721,985	29,901,113	18.55%
Operating results	\$ nominal p	er year	1		1			1	
Operating result from continuing operations	103,262,643	90,232,930	100,094,730	118,113,046	156,576,755	95,003,806	560,021,267	-8,258,837	-8.00%
Net operating result before capital grants & contributions	4,085,506	2,328,162	5,233,669	5,048,156	4,670,598	5,388,389	22,668,974	1,302,882	31.89%
Net operating result before capital grants &	4,000,000	2,020,102	0,200,000	0,040,100	4,070,000	0,000,000	22,000,014	1,002,002	01.0070
contributions, gains/losses on asset									
disposals, gains/losses on joint ventures and									
fair value adjustments	3,233,594			4,116,582			17,849,456	1,191,902	36.86%
Operating performance ratio	2.0%	0.8%	2.4%	2.2%	2.0%	2.3%			
Increase in rates and annual charges	1	1	1		1			1	
\$ Increase in rates and annual charges		2.649.899	3,789,942	3,758,868	3,953,482	4.088.242	18,240,434		
% Increase in rates and annual charges		2.35%	3.28%	3.15%	3.21%	3.22%	16.17%		

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